

SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

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TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY

CALL CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300
INTERNATIONAL: (703) 527-3887

NON-TRANSPORTATION

Emergency Phone: Call Chemtrec
Information Phone: (844) 646-0545

Product Name: MAKROLON TC110 FR 019900
Material Number: 86541831
Chemical Family: Thermoplastic Polymer
Use: Production of molded plastic articles

2. Hazards Identification

GHS Classification

This product is not hazardous in the form in which it is shipped by the manufacturer.

GHS Label Elements

Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements: If fine particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, product may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components

The following potentially hazardous ingredient(s) are used to formulate this product. As supplied, the ingredient(s) are bound in the polymer matrix. Because they are bound in the matrix, they are not expected to create any unusual hazards when handled and processed according to good manufacturing and industrial hygiene practices and the guidelines provided in this SDS.

Concentration	Components	CAS-No.
15 - 40%	Talc (non-asbestos form)	14807-96-6
0.1 - 1%	Titanium dioxide (Rutile)	13463-67-7

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The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of component(s) have been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First Aid Measures

Most Important Symptom(s)/Effect(s)

Acute: Contact with heated material can cause thermal burns., Gases and fumes evolved during the thermal processing or decomposition of this material may irritate the eyes, skin or respiratory tract.

Eye Contact

In case of contact, flush eyes with plenty of lukewarm water.

Skin Contact

Cool melted product on skin with plenty of water. Do not remove solidified product. Get medical attention if thermal burn occurs.

Inhalation

Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of dust or fumes from overheating or combustion.

Ingestion

Get medical attention.

5. Firefighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water fog, Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Foam

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: High Pressure Water Streams

Fire Fighting Procedure

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

By Fire and Thermal Decomposition: Phenol Carbon oxides, Hazardous decomposition products due to incomplete combustion

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards

Toxic and irritating gases/fumes may be given off during burning or thermal decomposition. Avoid generating dust: fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Spill and Leak Procedures

If molten, allow material to cool and place into an appropriate marked container for disposal. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture as they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentrations. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (e.g., cleaning dust from surfaces with compressed air).

7. Handling and Storage

Handling/Storage Precautions

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash thoroughly after handling. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dust does not accumulate on surfaces. Solid particulate can generate electrical charging during operations such as unloading from containers and pneumatic transfer. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, where conductive equipment is involved.

Storage Period:

None.

Storage Temperature

Maximum: 49 °C (120.2 °F)

Storage Conditions

Containers should be tightly closed to prevent contamination with foreign materials and moisture.

Substances to Avoid

None known.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

The recommendations in this section should not be a substitute for a personal protective equipment (PPE) assessment performed by the employer as required by 29 CFR 1910 Subpart I.

Exposure Limits

Talc (non-asbestos form) (14807-96-6)

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended

Time weighted average 2 mg/m³ (Respirable fraction.)The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica.

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended

Time weighted average 20 millions of particles per cubic foot of air

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended

Time weighted average 2.4 millions of particles per cubic foot of air (Respirable.)The exposure limit is calculated from the equation, $250/(\%SiO_2+5)$, using a value of 100% SiO₂. Lower percentages of SiO₂ will yield higher exposure limits.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended

Hazard Designation: Group A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Titanium dioxide (Rutile) (13463-67-7)

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended

Time weighted average 10 mg/m³

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended

Permissible exposure limit 15 mg/m³ (Total dust.)

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended

Hazard Designation: Group A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Any component which is listed in section 3 and is not listed in this section does not have a known ACGIH TLV, OSHA PEL or supplier recommended occupational exposure limit.

Industrial Hygiene/Ventilation Measures

General dilution and local exhaust as necessary to control airborne vapors, mists, dusts and thermal decomposition products below appropriate airborne concentration standards/guidelines, especially during cutting, grinding and high heat operations.

Respiratory Protection

Although no exposure limit has been established for this product, the OSHA PEL for Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR) of 15 mg/m³ - total dust, 5 mg/m³ - respirable fraction is recommended. In addition, the ACGIH recommends 3 mg/m³ - respirable particles and 10 mg/m³ - inhalable particles for Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) Not Otherwise Specified (PNOS). In the event that these limits are exceeded, an air purifying respirator (APR) equipped with particulate (P100) cartridges is recommended.

Hand Protection

Ensure gloves remain in good condition during use and replace if any deterioration is observed. Wear heat resistant gloves when handling molten material.

Eye Protection

Safety glasses with side-shields

Skin Protection

No special skin protection requirements during normal handling and use.

Additional Protective Measures

Employees should wash their hands and face before eating, drinking, or using tobacco products. Educate and train employees in the safe use and handling of this product. Purgings should be collected as small flat thin shapes or thin strands to allow for rapid cooling.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state:	solid
Appearance:	pellets
Color:	White
Odor:	Odorless
Odor Threshold:	No Data Available
pH:	not applicable
Melting Point:	220 °C (428 °F)
Boiling Point:	No Data Available
Flash Point:	Not applicable.
Evaporation Rate:	No Data Available
Flammability:	No Data Available
Lower Explosion Limit:	not applicable
Upper Explosion Limit:	not applicable
Vapor Pressure:	not applicable
Vapor Density:	No Data Available
Density:	not applicable
Relative Vapor Density:	No Data Available
Specific Gravity:	No Data Available
Solubility in Water:	practically insoluble
Partition Coefficient: n-	No Data Available

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octanol/water:	
Auto-ignition Temperature:	> 450 °C (> 842 °F)
Decomposition Temperature:	>= 380 °C (716 °F)
Unblocking Temperature:	No Data Available
Softening point:	130 - 160 °C (266 - 320 °F)
Dynamic Viscosity:	not applicable
Kinematic Viscosity:	No Data Available
Bulk Density:	No Data Available
Molecular Weight:	No Data Available
Self Ignition:	not applicable
Particle characteristics:	No Data Available

10. Stability and Reactivity

Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Stability

Stable

Materials to Avoid

None known.

Conditions to Avoid

Generation of dust clouds.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

By Fire and Thermal Decomposition: Phenol; Carbon oxides, Hazardous decomposition products due to incomplete combustion

11. Toxicological Information

Likely Routes of Exposure:

Inhalation
Skin Contact
Eye Contact

Health Effects and Symptoms

Acute: Contact with heated material can cause thermal burns., Gases and fumes evolved during the thermal processing or decomposition of this material may irritate the eyes, skin or respiratory tract.

Toxicity Data for: MAKROLON TC110 FR 019900

No data available for this product.

Toxicity Data for: Talc (non-asbestos form)

Acute Oral Toxicity

LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg (rat)

Acute Inhalation Toxicity

LC50: > 2.1 mg/l, , aerosol (rat) (OECD Test Guideline 403)

Acute Dermal Toxicity

LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD Test Guideline 402)

Skin Irritation

Human, OECD Test Guideline 439, negative

Eye Irritation

rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 405, negative

Sensitization

Skin sensitisation according to Magnusson/Kligmann (maximizing test):: negative (Guinea pig, OECD Test Guideline 406)

Repeated Dose Toxicity

oral: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg, (Rat)

inhalation: NOAEL: 10.8, (Rat)

Mutagenicity

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro:

Bacterial - gene mutation assay: negative

Chromosome aberration test in vitro: negative (mammalian cells)

Genetic Toxicity in Vivo:

Dominant Lethal Assay: negative (rat,)

negative

Carcinogenicity

According to IARC, Talc is classified as a Group 2A carcinogen based on limited evidence in humans, sufficient evidence in experimental animals, and strong mechanistic evidence in human primary cells.

Toxicity to Reproduction/Fertility

Two generation study, oral, (rabbit) NOAEL (parental): 900 mg/kg, NOAEL (F1): 900 mg/kg,

Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity

rat, oral, NOAEL (maternal): 1,600 mg/kg, No Teratogenic effects observed at doses tested.

Toxicity Data for: Titanium dioxide (Rutile)**Acute Oral Toxicity**

LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg (rat, female) (OECD Test Guideline 425)

Acute Inhalation Toxicity

LC50: > 6.82 mg/l, 4 h, dust/mist (rat, male)

Acute Dermal Toxicity

LD50: > 10,000 mg/kg (rabbit)

Skin Irritation

rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 404, Exposure Time: 24 h, Non-irritating

rabbit, Exposure Time: 24 h, Non-irritating

Eye Irritation

rabbit, OECD Test Guideline 405, Non-irritating

rabbit, Draize, Non-irritating

Sensitization

dermal: non-sensitizer (Guinea pig, Maximization Test)

dermal: non-sensitizer (Human, Patch Test)

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)):: negative (Mouse, OECD Test Guideline 429)

dermal: non-sensitizer (Guinea pig, Maximization Test)

dermal: non-sensitizer (Human, Patch Test)

Repeated Dose Toxicity

28 Days, inhalation: NOAEL: 35 mg/m3, (Rat)

29 days, Oral: NOAEL: 24,000 mg/kg, (rat, male, daily)

up to 2 years, inhalation: NOAEL: 0.01 mg/l, (Rat, male/female, 6 hrs/day 5 days/week)

28 Days, inhalation: NOAEL: 35 mg/m3, (Rat)

Mutagenicity

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro:

Ames: negative (Salmonella typhimurium, Metabolic Activation: with/without)

Mammalian cell - gene mutation assay: negative (Mouse lymphoma cells (L5178Y/TK), Metabolic Activation: with/without)

Chromosome aberration test: negative (Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, Metabolic Activation: with/without)

Ames: negative (Salmonella typhimurium, Metabolic Activation: with/without)

Genetic Toxicity in Vivo:

Drosophila SLRL test: negative (Drosophila melanogaster)
negative

Cytogenetic assay: negative (Mouse, male, intraperitoneal)
negative

Drosophila SLRL test: negative (Drosophila melanogaster)
negative

Carcinogenicity

Rat, Male/Female, inhalationAccording to IARC, several rat inhalation and intratracheal installation studies using titanium dioxide have shown increases in benign and malignant lung tumors. Reviewed human exposure data did not suggest an association between occupational exposure to titanium dioxide and risk for cancer. Additionally, the IARC working group determined that, "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other material, such as in paints."Rat, Male/Female, inhalationAccording to IARC, several rat inhalation and intratracheal installation studies using titanium dioxide have shown increases in benign and malignant lung tumors. Reviewed human exposure data did not suggest an association between occupational exposure to titanium dioxide and risk for cancer. Additionally, the IARC working group determined that, "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other material, such as in paints."

Other Relevant Toxicity Information

May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Carcinogenicity:

Talc (non-asbestos form)

IARC - Overall evaluation: 2A Probably carcinogenic to humans.

Titanium dioxide (Rutile)

IARC - Overall evaluation: 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

12. Ecological Information**Ecological Data for: MAKROLON TC110 FR 019900**

No data available for this product.

Ecological Data for Talc (non-asbestos form)**Biodegradation**

Not readily biodegradable.

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)

0 mg/l

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

0 mg/g

Bioaccumulation

Does not bioaccumulate.

Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish

LC50: > 10,000 mg/l (Zebra fish (Brachydanio rerio), 24 h)

Ecological Data for Titanium dioxide (Rutile)**Acute and Prolonged Toxicity to Fish**

LC0: > 1,000 mg/l (Golden orfe (Leuciscus idus), 48 h)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

EC0: > 3 mg/l (Water flea (Daphnia magna))

Toxicity to Microorganisms

EC0: > 10,000 mg/l, (Pseudomonas fluorescens, 24 h)

13. Disposal Considerations**Waste Disposal Method**

Waste disposal should be in accordance with existing federal, state and local environmental control laws.

14. Transportation Information**Land transport (DOT)**

Non-Regulated

Sea transport (IMDG)

Non-Regulated

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Air transport (ICAO/IATA)
Non-Regulated

15. Regulatory Information

United States Federal Regulations

US. Toxic Substances Control Act: Listed on the Active Portion of the TSCA Inventory.

SNUR Components

No substances are subject to Section 5 Significant New Use Rule (SNUR) requirements.

Section 6 Risk Management Components:

No substances are subject to Section 6 Risk Management rule requirement.

Section 12b Components:

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

Section 4 Test Order/Rule Components:

No substances are subject to Section 4 Final Test Orders or Rules.

Consent Order:

No substances are subject to Section 5 Consent Order requirements.

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302.4) Components:

Barium Sulfate Reportable quantity: 1000 lbs

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Refer to hazard classification information in Section 2.

US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 355, Appendix A) Components:

None

US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372.65) - Supplier Notification Required Components:

<u>Concentration</u>	<u>Components</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
0.1 - 1%	Potassium perfluorobutane sulfonate	29420-49-3

US. EPA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Composite List of Hazardous Wastes and Appendix VIII Hazardous Constituents (40 CFR 261):

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the person who generates a solid waste, as defined in 40 CFR 261.2, to determine if that waste is a hazardous waste.

State Right-To-Know Information

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual states; other product specific health and safety data in other sections of the SDS may also be applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements you should contact the appropriate agency in your state.

The concentrations reported below in units of parts per million (ppm) or parts per billion (ppb) are maximum values.

Massachusetts, New Jersey or Pennsylvania Right to Know Substance Lists:

<u>Concentration</u>	<u>Components</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
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>=1%	Bisphenol A Polycarbonate	CAS# is a trade secret
15 - 40%	Talc (non-asbestos form)	14807-96-6
3 - 7%	Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7
>=1%	Polymer	CAS# is a trade secret
0.1 - 1%	Titanium dioxide (Rutile)	13463-67-7

New Jersey Environmental Hazardous Substances List and/or New Jersey RTK Special Hazardous Substances Lists:

<u>Concentration</u>	<u>Components</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
15 - 40%	Talc (non-asbestos form)	14807-96-6
0.1 - 1%	Polymer	CAS# is a trade secret

Massachusetts Right to Know Extraordinarily Hazardous Substance List:

<u>Concentration</u>	<u>Components</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
<100 ppm	Styrene	100-42-5
<=3 ppm	Methylene Chloride	75-09-2

California Proposition 65 List:

<u>Concentration</u>	<u>Components</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
<=3 ppm	Methylene Chloride	75-09-2
<100 ppm	Styrene	100-42-5
Trace element	Bisphenol A	80-05-7
<1 ppm	Acrylonitrile	107-13-1

CFATS (Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards) Chemicals

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain Appendix A Chemicals of Interest (COI), at or above the Screening Threshold Quantity (STQ), as defined by the Department of Homeland Security Chemical Facility Anti-terrorism Standard (CFATS, 6 CFR Part 27).

Based on information provided by our suppliers, this product is considered "DRC Conflict Free" as defined by the SEC Conflict Minerals Final Rule (Release No. 34-67716; File No. S7-40-10; Date: 2012-08-22).

16. Other Information

Contact: Product Safety Department
Telephone: (412) 413-2835
Version Date: 10/31/2025
SDS Version: 2.1

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|| Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.